

15 years of Performance **Assessment of Water** and Sanitation Services in India

UNC Water and Health Conference 2024

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With support from team at the **Center for Water and Sanitation, CRDF, CEPT University**



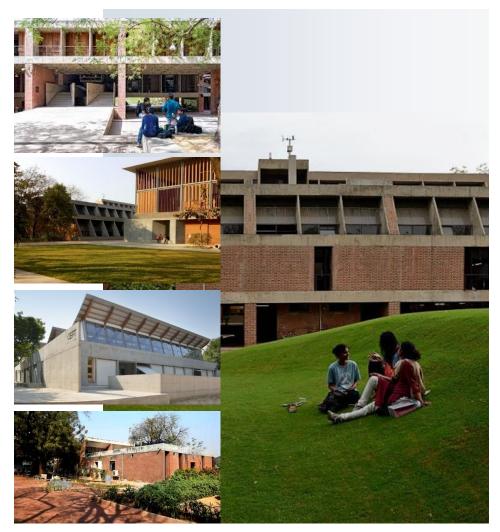


About CWAS, CEPT University

CEPT University's core focus is human habitat. Located in Ahmedabad, its education, research and advisory activities strive to improve the lives of people in India's villages, towns and cities.

CEPT Research and Development Foundation (CRDF) is established by the University to manage their research and capacity building activities. The Center for Water and Sanitation (CWAS) is among the first center to be established.

CWAS began its work in 2009 with focus on improving water and sanitation services in India. It carries out activities related to action research and capacity building – working closely with city and state governments in Maharashtra, enabling them to improve delivery of services. CWAS also has information on 800+ cities' WASH services delivery. Its recent focus is on making cities and villages water secure and climate resilient









Our 15 years journey on Benchmarking Practices to Support Performance Monitoring.. From Two States of India to National level...

68 Mn population, 2 states 2015 - 463 cities 73 Mn population 2018 - 900+ cities 96 Mn population, 6 states 2019 - 1000+ cities 100 Mn population, Linked with India's Smart city mission 2022 - 1000+ cities Aligned with City Finance Portal of

From paper based disaggregated data....

....to IT enabled

information system



Government of India













Performance Assessment System – Aligning with the Service Level Benchmarking (SLB) for urban water and sanitation in India

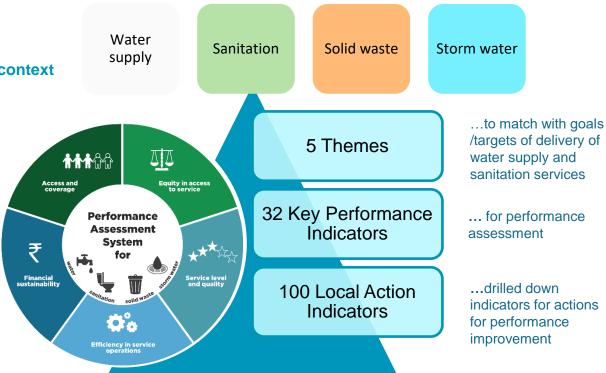
NATIONALLY OWNED

National Technical Partner for SLB Rolled out with State Governments

E-PLATFORM: Framework suited to local context

Online module
Inbuilt validation checks
Scientific system for calculating indicators
Comparative dashboards







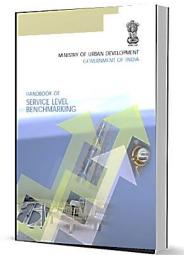




Government ownership and commitment is a key to sustain

Working with all levels of government:

- a) the **central government** which funds various programmes, suggested key service outcomes,
- b) **state governments** regulate urban local bodies, and they both fund, and monitor services,
- c) **city level** where the urban local governments have the responsibility to both build infrastructure and deliver services as well as collect taxes and charges related to water and sanitation.





PAS is aligned to national service level benchmark initiative

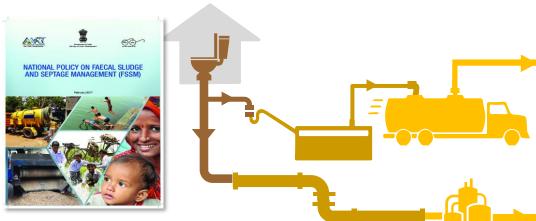
- MoU with the Government of India for Regional Workshops for training across India
- MoUs with State governments for support to state and city governments for assembling and publishing their data through the PAS module
- Results published in State Gazette
- Support to various users and regulatory agencies of the government







Adapting SLB Framework for the Indian context – FSM Benchmarking



Indicators for onsite sanitation systems

- 1. Coverage of toilets
- 2. Coverage of adequate sanitation systems (Septic tanks + sewe connections)
- 3. Collection efficiency of sanitation system (Desludging+ sewerage + grey water)
- 4. Adequacy of treatment capacity of sanitation system (FSTP + STP)
- 5. Quality of treatment of sanitation system (FSTP+STP)

6. Extent of reuse and recycling in sanitation system (FSTP + STP)

Indicators to track equity in service delivery

Coverage of toilets, water supply connections, door to door solid waste collection in slums

Coverage of sewerage connections in slums

Digital systems are needed for achieving scale



Information exists with cities...

Journey from a paper based to online system









...but paper based and fragmented – not collated, analyzed or reported



Maintained in isolation and usually not shared



- Online module for self reporting
- Inbuilt validation checks
- Scientific system for calculating indicators
- Comparative dashboards
- Local language supported







Gradually built ULB capacity Reduced time for annual assessments

with partners: Urban management Centre and All Indi Institute of Local Self-governments

City visits and workshops in years 1,2,3



Self assessment on online modules by year 5



- ✓ State Govt. support
- ✓ Trainings and capacity building workshops
- ✓ Hand holding support
- ✓ Translation in local languages



	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
	Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec Jan F	eb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb	Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb	Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec Jan Fel	Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb
Round 1(2008-09)					
Round 2 (2009-10 and 2010-11)					
Round 3 (2011-12)					
Round 4 (2012-13)					







Gradual but consistent strengthening of data quality

Systematic Approach for Data Reliability Assessment

Reliability Band for Key Performance Indicators

Reliability A

Data records are updated regularly based on best available procedure

Reliability B

Data records maintained as appropriate with at least periodic updating

Reliability C

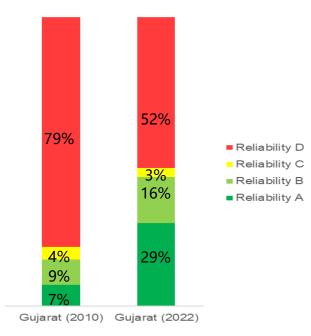
Data is extrapolated from a limited sample

Reliability D

Data is estimated without measurement or documented evidence

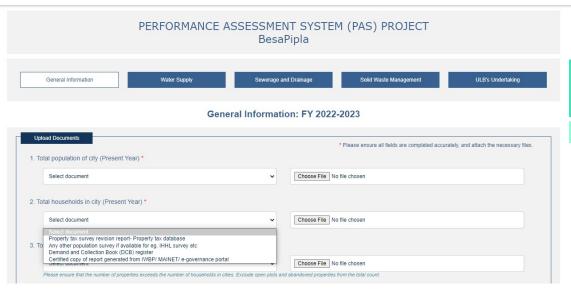
- Automatically calculates the reliability for an indicator with a set of questions that address the conditions in each reliability band as listed in the SLB Handbook.
- Ensures a transparent and consistent comparison across all cities.
- It also informs cities about the quality of their existing data systems, and encourages cities/state to focus on data system strengthening.
- Ideally, water and sanitation information should linked to municipal operations and property tax database

Over the past decade reliability of data is seen to be increasing



Data Systems Strengthening to improve data quality

Provision in the PAS portal for uploading supporting data



Digital Property Assessment Form – Integrating water and sanitation data points in property tax assessment form

XXXX Municipal Council Delial XXXXX State XXXXX Property Assessment Form (Financial Year 2023-24)						
Inspection details	Old property number					
Particulars	(1) Property details as per records	(2) Property details as per spot verification				
Owner's Name						
Name of Occupant	Name of Occupant	Name of Occupant				
Address of the Property	Address of the Property	Address of the Property				
Mailing address						
Description of property						
Area (sq.m)	Area (sq.m)	Area (sq.m)				
Ward Number						
Census Number						







Monitoring needs at local level for sanitation



SaniTab



SaniTrack



SaniChatBot









Financial incentives for sustaining PAS - Institutionalized through intergovernmental fund transfers



- The 13th, 14th and 15th Finance Commission of the national government endorsed operationalizing of SLB Process. It linked national government grants to cities to service level benchmarks
- State Governments notify by the end of a fiscal year the service level benchmarks and targets and inform the Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs

13th FC: (FY 2010-15) USD 2.8

Billion

14th FC: (FY 2015- 20) USD 10.9 Billion 15th FC: (FY 2021-26) USD 15.1 Billion



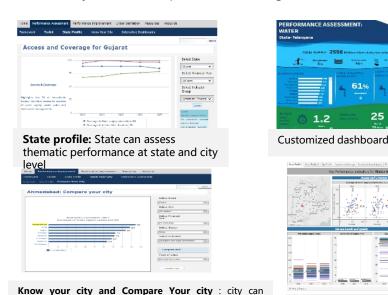


Dashboards for different user groups, and enable time series comparisons across cities

10

Interactive dashboard

- Time series comparisons across
- Review the year wise improvement of the ULB using know your city tab
- State can assess thematic performance on state profile tab.
- Identify areas for improvement- using <u>interactive dashboards</u>



compare itself with another city based on its respective

class or district



Wide range of users – Towards data driven governance



GOVERNMENT AGENCIES

City/State governments, SFCs for policy making, assessments for improvement plans, reporting



RESEARCHERS

Academicians, students of planning or technology colleges



FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS



ADB, World Bank - information for project identification, selection and formulation

REGULATORS

CAG, State Technical Boards -To assess regulatory compliance



For consulting assignments in preparation of Vision documents, City Development Plans, City Sanitation Plans





Varions publications on Journey of PAS

International reports



City water compendium, Making cities water positive, 2022

Government reports



Guidelines for planning, design and implementation of 24x7 water supply systems

Performance improvement plans and décision making tools





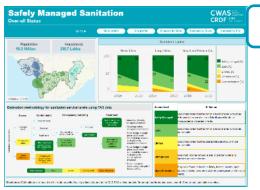








Enable information to be used for a variety of city level assessments

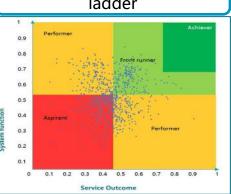


Monitoring safely managed services (SDG 6.2)

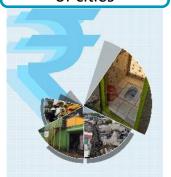
ESG assessment for cities



PAS-CWIS performance ladder



Credit worthiness of cities



Assessment of water governance

















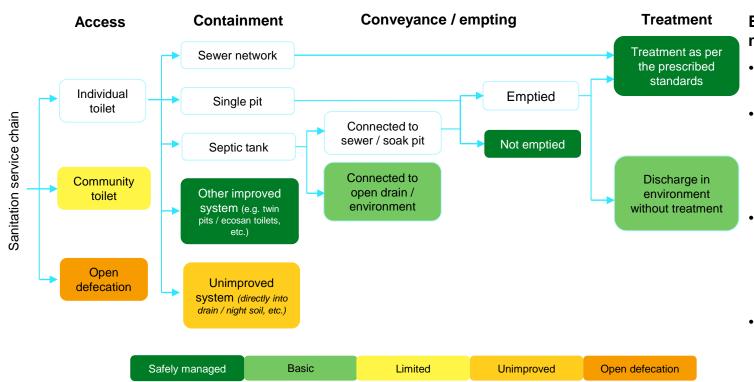
- Audits of municipal accounts Regular monitoring & reporting on service
- · Reliability of reported manitaring
- Availability and use of data management







Methodology for Safely managed sanitation services using PAS data



Estimation of safely managed sanitation:

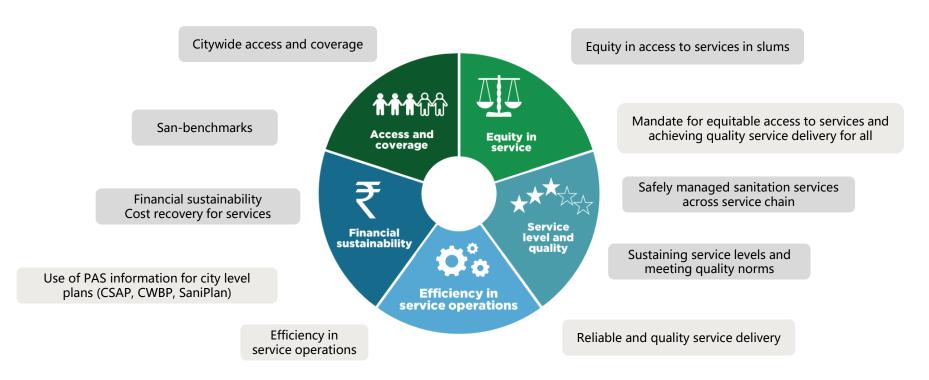
- Sewerage safely conveyed and treated
- Fecal sludge in single pit or septic tank connected to sewer / soak pit safely emptied and treated
- Fecal sludge in single pit or septic tank connected to sewer / soak pit safely contained (not emptied)
- Other improved systems e.g. twin pits / ecosan toilets







PAS framework capturing key CWIS elements









PAS framework capturing key CWIS elements





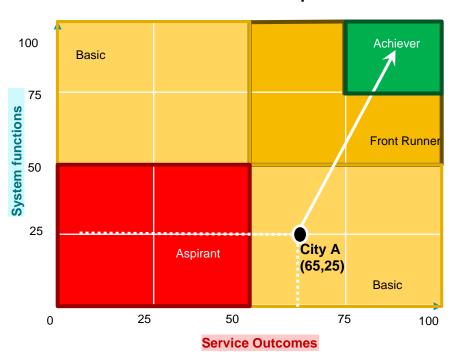




Monitoring CWIS at scale

Tracking performance on service outcomes v/s system functions using PAS information

PAS- CWIS Performance quadrants



Performance quadrant assessment as an advocacy tool to support decision making for achieving CWIS goals

- · Developing city/state level sector reform plans
- Developing sectoral investment plan resource planning and mobilization
- Thematic service level improvement plan based on the quadrant scores

Performance		System Function	Service Outcome	
Q1	Achiever	>75%	>75%	
Q2	Front Runner	< or =75% and >50%	<or =75%="" and="">50%</or>	
Q3	Basic	<or 50%<="" =="" th=""><th><or 50%<="" =="" th=""></or></th></or>	<or 50%<="" =="" th=""></or>	
Q4	Aspirant	<50%	<50%	







What set PAS apart?

Inclusive

- Indicators include onsite systems
- Indicators on equity in service
- Available in local languages

Data reliability

- Standardized system to report on quality and reliability of indicators based on source of data
- Inbuilt validation checks

Financial sustainability

 Indicators on Financial sustainability for cost recovery, collection efficiency etc.

Government ownership and responsibility

- Work at scale annually not a one off pilot!
- Self assessment portal information reported by officers from city governments
- Indicators on human resources, complaint redressal and resource planning and management

Assessing safe and sustainable services across the full service chain

 Monitor service provision rather than just infrastructure - Efficiency in service operations, service level and quality







Achieving scale in India for Sanitation Monitoring – Since 2009, sustained and growing

No Pilots or projects... operate at Scale

Mainstreamed by working with all three tiers of Governments

- Scaling up benchmarking activities require patience. takes time for consultative process with, utilities/service providers for them to see value in it
- In a developing country context, it is necessary to have adequate funding for benchmarking activities.
- Government ownership Linking crucial. benchmarking with financial incentives is necessary
- Need to have a versatile approach for varied uses

Exploring PAS-Climate linkages

One of the largest time series databases for urban water and sanitation

Exploring replication in South Asia











BILL & MELINDA GATES foundation



Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs

Government of India





Partners

Our























Thank you

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https://cwas.org.in/

Global South Academic Conclave WASH and Climate 2025









CEPT UNIYERSITY









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About us

The Center for Water and Sanitation (CWAS) is a part of CEPT Research and Development Foundation (CRDF) at CEPT University. CWAS undertakes action-research, implementation support, capacity building and advocacy in the field of urban water and sanitation. Acting as a thought catalyst and facilitator, CWAS works closely with all levels of governments - national, state and local to support them in delivering water and sanitation services in an efficient, effective and equitable manner.